Introduction to Clinical Psychology (part 1)

PGDCP, SEMESTER-I

COURSE: Fundamental of Clinical Psychology

Paper I; Unit I

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Definition of Clinical Psychology

The field of clinical psychology integrates science, theory and practice to understand, predict and alleviate maladjustment, disability and discomfort as well to promote human adaptation, adjustment and personal development. Clinical psychology focuses on the intellectual, emotional, biological, social and behavioral aspects of human functioning across the life span in varying cultures and at all socioeconomic levels.—

American Psychological Association (division 12, 2012)

Definition of Clinical Psychology

- Lightner Witmer defined clinical psychology as- "The study of individuals, by observation or experimentation, with the intention of promoting change."
- According to Shaffer & Lazarus(1952)
 "Clinical psychology is the application of psychological principles of behaviour and pathology of the individual under study in clinic".
- According to Saccuzo & Kaplan (1984) "Clinical psychology is an applied branch of psychology devoted to helping people adjust, solve problems, change, improve and achieve their highest potential".

Significant events in the history of Clinical Psychology

- Fifth century (B.C) ---
- ---
- 1848 --patients in America.
- 28 june 1867 ---
- I879 ---- Wilhe laboratory at Leipzig in Germany.
- 1882 England.
- I888 ----
- I890 ---intelligence by Cattell.
- 1892
 Wundt.
- 1892
- 1895 published.

- Use of the term Mania and Hysteria by *Hippocrates*. *Pinel* started human care in France.
- Dorothea Dix started a especial hospital for mental
- Birth of **Lightner Witmer**.
- Wilhelm Wundt established a first psychological ermany.
- Fransis Galton established anthropometric laboratory in
- Lightner Witmer became graduate.
- Use of the term "Psychological Test" to measure
- Witmer completed his Ph.D under the supervision of
- American Psychological Association established. "Studies of Hysteria" by Breur and Freud was

Significant events in the history of Clinical

Psychology

1896 --- Lightner Witmer established the first Psychological Clinic in Pennsylvania University.

- 1900 --- Freud published "Interpretation of Dreams".
- 1904 --- A syllabus was prepared for the first time to study Clinical Psychology in the University of Pennsylvania
- 1905 --- Development of **Binet-Simon Test**.
- 1907 --- Publication of the first journal of clinical psychology named "The Psychological Clinic".
- 1909 --- Establishment of "Juvenile Psychopathic Institute" by Healy.
- 1916 --- Stanford-binet test was developed by Terman in Stanford University.
- 1917 --- Psychoneurotic Inventory :
 Personal Data Sheet was developed by Woodworth.

Significant events in the history of Clinical Psychology

- 1917 --- Separation between clinical psychologist and APA and AACP (American Association of Clinical Psychologists) was established.
- 1919 psychology.
- 1921
 Yerkes.
- 1921
 psychology.
- 1924
 Rorschach.
- 1935 **Test**.
- 1938 -
- 1939 ---
- **1**939 ---
- **I**943 ----

- AACP remerged into APA as a branch of clinical
- Army Alpha-Beta test was developed by
- Formation of Association of clinical
- Rorschach Psychodiagnostic published by
- Murray developed Thematic Apperception
- Bender- Gestalt test applied.
- Use of the term projective test by *L.K. Frank*.
 - Wechsler-Bellevue test was developed. MMPI was developed.

Significant events in the history of Clinical Psychology

- 1947---Publication of Shakow report.1951---American Psychiatric
- Association issued guidelines for clinical practitioner for professional ethics.
- 1952 --- **DSM-1** published by **APA**.
- 1953 --- Publication of the book "Science and Human Behavior" by Skinner.
- 1953 --- Use of the term Behavior Therapy by Lindzey, Skinner and Soleman.
- 1968 ----
- 1980 ---
- 1988 --- Society established.
- 1994

DSM-2 published. DSM-3 published. American Psychiatric

DSM-4 published.

Chronological Development of clinical **Psychology in India**

- 1915 Establishment of the **Department of Psychology** in Calcutta University.
- 1922 Formation of the Indian **Psychoanalytic Society by G.** ____ Bose.
 - 1924 Formation of **Indian Psychological association**. ____
- 1924 ___ University.

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- **Indian Journal of Psychology** was published. ___
- 1938 • University.

1925

1947

Applied Branch of Psychology was started in Calcutta

Department of Psychology was established in Mysore

- Formation of the **Mental Hygiene Committee**. 1944
 - Indian Psychotherapist Association was formulated. ___
- 1954 All India Institute of Mental Health (currently known • ___ as National Institute of Mental Health and Neuro Science) was established in Bangalore.
- 958 The first batch of clinical psychologists was pass out in NIMHANS.

Chronological Development of clinical Psychology in India

- 1962 --- Central Institute of Psychiatry in Kanke (Ranchi) was established.
- 968 --- Association of Clinical Psychologist was formulated.
- 1974 --- The first Journal of clinical psychology was published by G.G. Prabhu.
- 1982 --- Alma Ata Declaration: Health for all by 2000 (India was a member).
- 1986 --- National Workshop held on "The role of Clinical Psychologists in Mental Health Program" in NIMHANS.
- 1986 --- A workshop held on "Youth and Mental Health" in Sagar University by UGC.
- !986 --- I 6th all India conference of clinical psychologists was held in Sagar University.
- 1987 --- Mental Health Act-1987 was established.
- 2000 ---- National Conference of child-developmental science society in January in Hyderabad.