E-CONTENT FOR M.A ECONOMICS PROGRAMME SEM-II, CC-8 PREPARED BY PROF.DR. RAJ LUXMI, HOD, ECONOMICS MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (MCQ) MODULE 1-5

MODULE-1

- 1 The book "Money, Interest and Prices" is written by-----
 - (a) Tobin (b) Baumol (c) Friedman (d) Patinkin
- 2 The concept of Real Balance Effect is given by---
 - (a) Friedman (b) Patinkin (c) Tobin (d) Baumol
- 3 The Neo-classical dichotomization of the goods and money market was criticized by---
 - (a) Baumol (b) Lipsey (c) Patinkin (d) Tobin
- 4 The Risk Aversion theory of liquidity preference is given by---
 - (a) Tobin (b) Patinkin (c) Friedman (d) Baumol
- 5 Portfolio Selection model of demand for money is given by---
 - (a) Patinkin (b) Baumol (c) Tobin (d) Friedman
- 6 The Inventory Theoretic approach is given by -----
 - (a) Baumol (b) Tobin (c) Friedman (d) Patinkin
- 7 Baumol's Inventory Theoretic approach relates to which type of demand for money?
 - (a) **Transaction** (b) Precautionary (c) Speculative (d) Both (b(&(c)
- 8 "The Quantity Theory of Money-A Restatement" is written by -----
 - (a) Fisher (b) Marshall (c) Pigou (d) Friedman
- 9 The Monetarist Revolution is related to-----
 - (a) Friedman (b) Patinkin (c) Baumol (d) Tobin

MODULE-2

- 1 The supply of Loanable Funds ,according to neo-classicals comes from--
 - (a) Savings (b) Dishoardings (c) Bank Credit (d) All of these
- 2 The demand for Loanable Funds, according to neo-classicals is for---
 - (a) Investment (b) Hoarding (c) Consumption (d) All of these
- 3 The aggregate supply curve of Loanable Funds is -----
 - (a) Interest elastic (b) Interest inelastic (c) None (d) Both (a)&(b)
- 4 The aggregate demand curve of Loanable Funds is----
 - (a) Interest elastic (b) Interest inelastic (c) None (d) Both(a)&(b)
- 5 Keynesian Transaction and Precautionary motives of demand for money are-----
 - (a) Interest elastic (b) Income elastic (c) Investment elastic (d) All
- 6 At Liquidity Trap the speculative demand for money is-----
 - (a) **Perfectly elastic** (b) Perfectly inelastic (c) Both (a)&(b) (d) None

- 7 Keynesian Liquidity Trap occurs when rate of interest is ----
 - (a) Very high (b) Very low (c) Moderate (d) Both (a) & (c)

MODULE-3

- 1 The concept of Inflationary Gap is given by----
 - (a) Classicals (b) Monetarists (c) Neo-classicals (d) Keynes
- 2 The equation MV=PQ is given by------
 - (a) Friedman (b) Hansen (c) Keynes (d) Fisher
- 3 The relationship between the rate of unemployment and the rate of money wage changes is examined by---
 - (a) Income Table (b) Wage Index (c) Phillips Curve (d) Both (a) & (b)
- 4 According to Friedman there is no trade -off between unemployment and Inflation in---
 - (a) Short-Run (b) Long-Run (c) Very short Period (d) Both (a) &(c)
- 5 Tobin's modified Phillips Curve is -----
 - (a) Kinked (b) U Shaped (c) V Shaped (d) Both (b) &(c)
- 6 Which of the following is not a Fiscal Measure to control Inflation?
 - (a) Issue of new currency (b) Demonetization (c) Credit Control
 - (d) All of these.
- 7 which of the following is not a Monetary Measure to control Inflation?
 - (a) Increase in Taxes (b) Increase in Saving
 - (c)Reduction in unnecessary expenditure (d) All of these

MODULE-4

- 1 Schumpeter's first approximation of Business cycle is of ----
 - (a) Two-phase (b) Four-phase (c) Three-phase (d) Both (b) & (c)
- 2 Schumpeter's second approximation of Business cycle is of----
 - (a) Two-phase (b) Three-phase (c) Four-phase (d) Both (a) & (b)
- 3 The Innovative Entrepreneur according to Schumpeter is financed by expansion of-----
 - (a) Bank Credit (b) Shares (c) Debentures (d) All of these
- 4 Multiplier- Accelerator model of business cycle is related to -----
 - (a) Schumpeter (b) Friedman (c) Kaldor (d) Samuelson
- Which of the following gave a business cycle model based on Multiplier-Accelerator interaction----
 - (a) Samuelson (b) Hicks (c) Schumpeter (d) Both (a &(b)
- Who said that the difference between ex-ante saving and investment leads to business cycle----
 - (a) Kaldor (b) Hicks (c) Samuelson (d) Schumpeter

7 The effectiveness of anti-cyclical Fiscal Policy depends upon----(a)Nature of public works programme (b) Volume of public works programme (c) Planning of public works programme (d) All of these

MODULE-5

- 1 The New Classical Macroeconomics was developed by ----(a) Robert Lucas (b) Thomas Sargent (c) Neil Wallace (d) All
- 2 Rational Expectations Hypothesis is related to-----
 - (a) Classical Economists (b) Neo-classical Economists (c)New Classical Macroeconomics (d) Both (a) & (b)
- 3 Who among the followings is not related to New Classical Macroeconomics?
 - (a) Robert Barro (b) Friedman (c) Hicks (d) Both (b) & (c)
- 4 The Supply Side Economics advocates-----
 - (a) **Tax cuts** (b) Expenditure cuts (c) Consumption Cuts (b) Both (b) & (c)
- 5 The Rational Expectations Hypothesis has been applied to---
 - (a) Monetary Policy (b) Fiscal Policy (c) Income policy (d) All
- 6 The concept of Rational Expectations was first put forth by-----
 - (a) Johy Muth (b) Keynes (c) Samuelson (d) None of these
- 7 Which of the following is the main feature of New Keynesian Economics ?
 - (a) Sticky nominal money wages (b) Sticky nominal prices
 - (b) Sticky real wages (d) All of these
