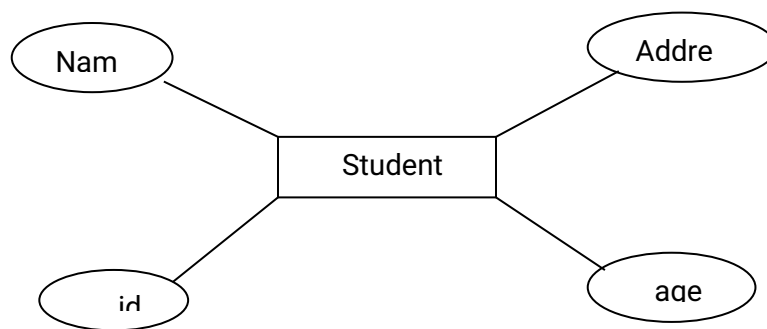


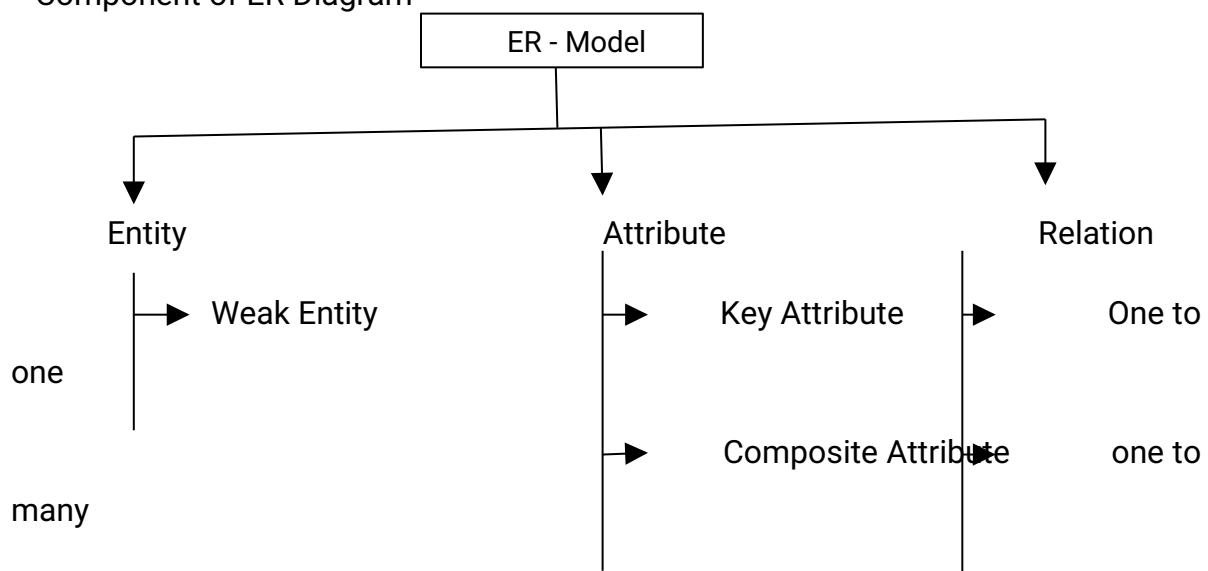
Topic - ER model

ER model stands for an Entity-Relationship model. It is a high-level data model. This model is used to define the data elements and relationship for a specified system. It develops a conceptual design for the database. It also develops a very simple and easy to design view of data. In ER modeling, the database structure is portrayed as a diagram called an entity-relationship diagram.

For example, suppose we design a school database. In this database, the student will be an entity with attributes like address, name, id, age, etc. The address can be another entity with attributes like city, street name, pin code, etc and there will be a relationship between them.



Component of ER Diagram



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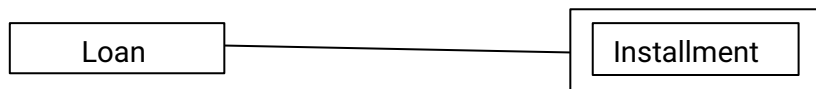
→ Multi valued Attribute many  
to one

→ Derived Attribute many  
to many

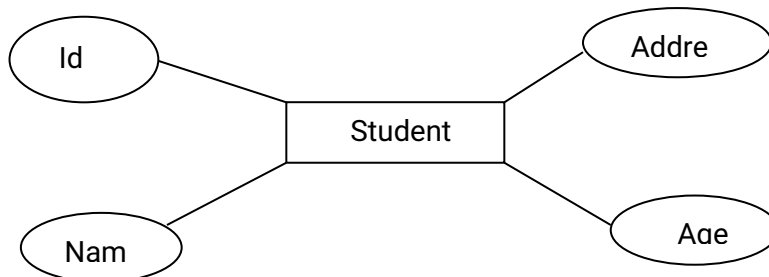
1. Entity: An entity may be any object, class, person or place. In the ER diagram, an entity can be represented as rectangles. Consider an organization as an example- manager, product, employee, department etc. can be taken as an entity.



a. Weak Entity -An entity that depends on another entity called a weak entity. The weak entity doesn't contain any key attribute of its own. The weak entity is represented by a double rectangle.

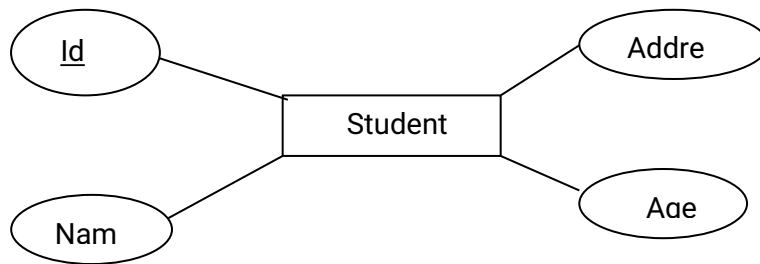


2. Attribute – The attribute is used to describe the property of an entity. Eclipse is used to represent an attribute. For example, id, age, contact number, name, etc. can be attributes of a student.

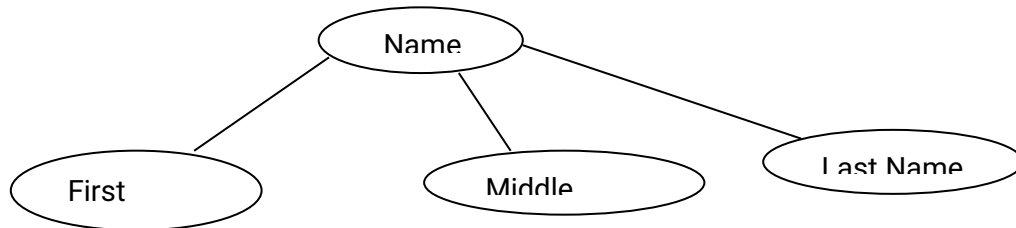


a. Key Attribute -The key attribute is used to represent the main characteristics of

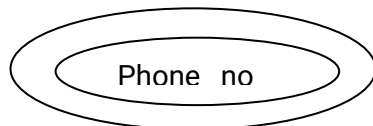
an entity. It represents a primary key. The key attribute is represented by an ellipse with the text underlined.



b. Composite Attribute - An attribute that composed of many other attributes is known as a composite attribute. The composite attribute is represented by an ellipse, and those ellipses are connected with an ellipse.



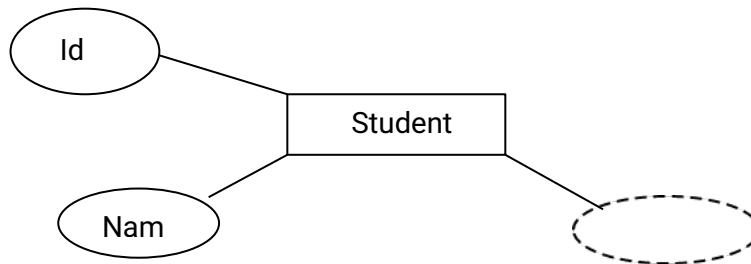
c. Multi valued Attribute - An attribute can have more than one value. These attributes are known as a multi valued attribute. The double oval is used to represent multi valued attribute. For example, a student can have more than one phone number.



d. Derived Attribute - An attribute that can be derived from other attribute is known as a derived attribute. It can be represented by a dashed ellipse. For example, A person's age changes over time and can be derived from another attribute like Date



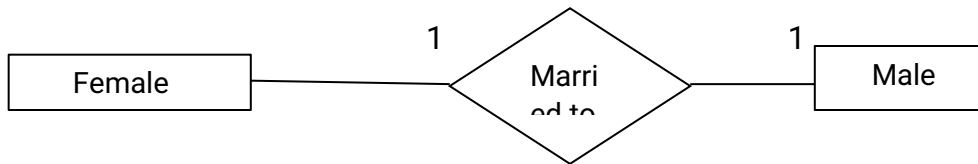
of birth.



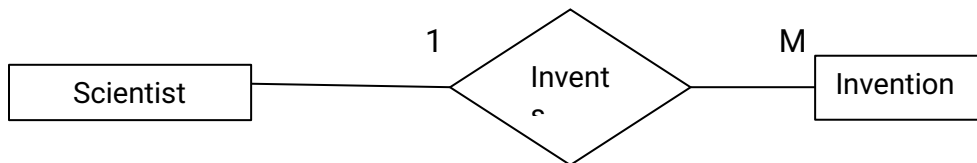
3. Relationship -A relationship is used to describe the relation between entities. Diamond or rhombus is used to represent the relationship.

Types of relationship are as follows:

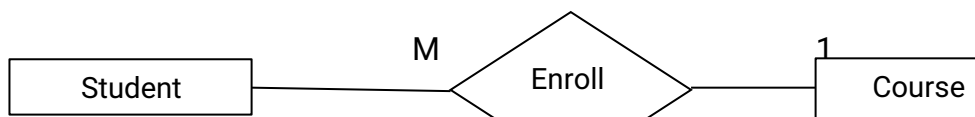
a. One-to-One Relationship - When only one instance of an entity is associated with the relationship, then it is known as one to one relationship. For example, a female can marry to one male, and a male can marry to one female.



b. One-to-many relationship - When only one instance of the entity on the left and more than one instance of an entity on the right associates with the relationship then this is known as a one-to-many relationship. For example, Scientist can invent many inventions, but the invention is done by the only specific scientist.



c. Many-to-one relationship - When more than one instance of the entity on the left and only one instance of an entity on the right associates with the relationship then it is known as a many-to-one relationship. For example, Student enrolls for only one course, but a course can have many students.



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d. Many-to-many relationship - When more than one instance of the entity on the left and more than one instance of an entity on the right associates with the relationship then it is known as a many-to-many relationship. For example, Employee can assign by many projects and project can have many employees.

