# DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MCA, PU

## **Unit -4 Big-Data Cloud Computing**

**Types of Cloud Computing** 

1 PUBLIC CLOUD

The **Public Cloud** allows systems and services to be easily accessible to the general public. It is less secure because of its openness, e.g., e-mail.

#### 2 Private Cloud

The **Private Cloud** allows systems and services to be accessible within an organization. It offers increased security because of its private nature.

#### 3 Community Cloud

The **Community Cloud** allows systems and services to be accessible by group of organizations.

#### 4 Hybrid Cloud

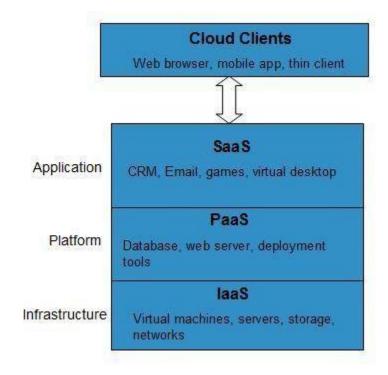
The **Hybrid Cloud** is mixture of public and private cloud. However, the critical activities are performed using private cloud while the non-critical activities are performed using public cloud.

#### SERVICE MODELS MODEL OF CLOUD COMPUTING

**Service Models** are the reference models on which the Cloud Computing is based. These can be categorized into three basic service models as listed below:

- 1. Infrastructure as a Service (laaS)
- 2. Platform as a Service (PaaS)
- 3. Software as a Service (SaaS)

There are many other service models all of which can take the form like XaaS, i.e., Anything as a Service. This can be Network as a Service, Business as a Service, Identity as a Service, Database as Service or Strategy as a Service.



#### INFRASTRUCTURE AS A SERVICE (IAAS)

laaS provides access to fundamental resources such as physical machines, virtual machines, virtual storage, etc.

# PLATFORM AS A SERVICE (PAAS)

PaaS provides the runtime environment for applications, development & deployment tools, etc.

### **SOFTWARE AS A SERVICE (SAAS)**

SaaS model allows to use software applications as a service to end users.